

試験開始の指示があるまで、この問題冊子の中を見てはいけません。

共立女子大学・共立女子短期大学
2024 年度入試 2 月 5 日
英 語

注意事項

1. この問題冊子は 19 ページあります。
2. 万一、落丁などがある場合は直ちに申し出ること。
3. 解答用紙は記述式解答用紙とマークシート解答用紙があります。問題文の指示に従って解答すること。
4. 解答用紙には座席番号・氏名を必ず記入すること。
5. 解答用紙に、正しく記入・マークされていない場合は、採点できないことがあります。
6. マークシート解答用紙の記入に当たっては、HB の鉛筆またはマークシートペンを使用すること。(シャープペンシルは不可)
7. マークシート解答用紙に記載の「記入上の注意」をよく読んでから解答すること。
8. マークシート解答用紙の解答欄については、例えば、

10

 と表示のある問に対して㉔と解答する場合は、次の(例)のように、10 の解答欄の㉔にマークしなさい。

(例)

解 答 欄	
10	㉔(イ)●(エ)㉔(カ)

9. 試験終了後、試験問題は持ち帰ること。

I 次の会話文を読んで、各問の解答として最も適切なものをそれぞれ㉠～㉥から一つずつ選びなさい。(右上に数字を付した語には、会話文の後に注があります。)

John is not feeling well. He makes an appointment to see his doctor, Mary Smith.

Doctor : Hello, John. I understand that you aren't feeling well.

John : ⁽¹⁾ Thank you for taking the time to see me on such short notice. I don't feel well at all. I've been vomiting¹ and have diarrhea².

Doctor : How long have you felt ill?

John : I started feeling ill on Wednesday evening while I was exercising at the gym. Then, by Thursday, my condition worsened. This was two days ago.

Doctor : Let's begin by checking your blood pressure and temperature.

John : Sure, no problem.

The doctor checks John's blood pressure.

Doctor : Well, your blood pressure is normal, but you have a ⁽²⁾ _____. I can also see that you have a bad cough. Clearly, you have a slight case of pneumonia³, but it isn't anything serious. Have you been able to eat anything?

John : This morning I had a light breakfast of oatmeal, bread and a cup of tea.

Doctor : That's good to hear. Well, I'm going to ⁽³⁾ _____ a medicine called amoxicillin⁴ for the pneumonia.

John : Actually, I'm allergic to that.

Doctor : Well, if that's the case, I suggest you take ciprofloxacin⁵. This has also proven to be quite effective when fighting pneumonia.

John : Do you have any other medical advice?

Doctor : I strongly recommend that you take a few days off work until this pneumonia clears up. It's important for you to drink a lot of water, and take a good rest so that you can regain your strength. I'm sure that you'll feel better soon.

John : _____

Doctor : You're most welcome. If you aren't feeling better in three days, please phone the office to set up another appointment with my colleague, Dr. Peterson. Unfortunately, I'll be out of town on a business trip during the next several days.

John : _____

(注)

1. vomit 「嘔吐する」
2. diarrhea 「下痢」
3. pneumonia 「肺炎」
4. amoxicillin 「アモキシシリン」細菌感染症の治療薬の一つ
5. ciprofloxacin 「シプロフロキサシン」細菌感染症の治療薬の一つ

1. Which of the following is true based on the underlined part (1)? (解答はマークシート解答用紙の にマークすること。)

- ㊦ John made an appointment by writing a short letter to the doctor.
- ㊧ John made an appointment just before going to see the doctor.
- ㊨ John made an appointment to see the doctor next month.
- ㊩ John made an appointment well in advance.

2. Which of the following fits best in (2)? (解答はマークシート解答用紙の にマークすること。)

- ㊦ deal
- ㊧ fever
- ㊨ reason
- ㊩ sense

3. Which of the following fits best in (3)? (解答はマークシート解答用紙の にマークすること。)

- ㊦ buy
- ㊧ dictate
- ㊨ eat
- ㊩ prescribe

4. Which of the following is closest in meaning to the underlined part (4)? (解答はマークシート解答用紙の にマークすること。)

- ㊦ make a phone call
- ㊧ recover from the illness
- ㊨ return to the previous weight
- ㊩ take medicine

5. Which of the following is the most appropriate in (5)? (解答はマークシート
解答用紙の にマークすること。)

- ㊦ Thank you very much for your excellent advice.
- ㊧ You are an understanding doctor.
- ㊨ Your medical skills are amazing.
- ㊩ Your office seems to have new medical equipment.

6. Which of the following statements is true? (解答はマークシート解答用紙の
 にマークすること。)

- ㊦ John started to feel ill on Monday when he was exercising.
- ㊧ John started to feel ill on Thursday when he was on a business trip.
- ㊨ John started to feel ill on Tuesday when he was at school.
- ㊩ John started to feel ill on Wednesday when he was at the gym.

7. Which of the following statements best describes John's medical condition?
(解答はマークシート解答用紙の にマークすること。)

- ㊦ John has a mild case of pneumonia.
- ㊧ John has a slight cold and will surely get better in a few days.
- ㊨ John has a very serious case of pneumonia.
- ㊩ John has pneumonia and is having difficulty sleeping at night.

8. Which of the following statements is true? (解答はマークシート解答用紙の
 にマークすること。)

- ㊦ The doctor recommended that John bring her a medicine called amoxicillin.
- ㊧ The doctor recommended that John drink a lot of tea and cranberry juice.
- ㊨ The doctor recommended that John exercise more to reduce his blood pressure.
- ㊩ The doctor recommended that John take a medicine called ciprofloxacin.

9. What did the doctor advise John to do if he was still not feeling well in three days? (解答はマークシート解答用紙の にマークすること。)

- ㉞ Call the office to set up an appointment with Dr. Peterson.
- ㉟ Call the office to set up an appointment with the nurse.
- ㊱ Stop by to see Dr. Smith to ask for more medical advice.
- ㊲ Stop by to see the nurse to receive more medicine.

10. Which of the following is the most appropriate in (6)? (解答はマークシート解答用紙の にマークすること。)

- ㉞ Enjoy your summer vacation with your family.
- ㉟ Have a good trip with Dr. Peterson.
- ㊱ I understand. Thanks.
- ㊲ I'll see you tomorrow.

II 次の英文を読んで、本文の内容に関して、あとの問いに答えなさい。各問の解答として最も適切なものをそれぞれ㉑～㉕から一つずつ選びなさい。丸で囲んだ数字はパラグラフ番号を表しています。(右上に数字を付した語句には、本文の後に注があります。)

① Technology has changed the way we interact with each other. Social media helps some feel like they have more social support. But for others, it can increase isolation and depression.

② Researchers are investigating how social media affects mental health. They're learning that who you meet and what you find online can mean the difference between helpful and harmful effects.

Use Your Time Wisely

③ Logging into social media can lead you in many directions. Actively engaging and connecting with others online can help build your social supports — both online and offline. But spending many hours passively scrolling through upsetting content can give you negative thoughts and feelings.

④ Increased social media use has been linked to symptoms of depression, anxiety, and stress. But it's not always clear which comes first: Is more time online causing the symptoms or a result of the symptoms?

⑤ Depression or anxiety can cause you to isolate yourself. Spending more time online may be a sign that you're withdrawing from others.

⑥ Studies have also found that some online activities can worsen your mental health. Passively watching (3) others are doing online can make you feel more isolated. You might feel you're missing out or being left out. Or it can make you think that other people have better lives than you.

⑦ Teens are especially (4) risk from the effects of social media. Studies have found links between patterns in teens' social media use and mental

health problems.

⑧ According to Dr. Katherine Keyes at Columbia University, there has been a growth in social media use, smartphone use, and teens' lives being online over the last 10 years. Rates of teen depression and suicide also rose over the past 10 years. Researchers have been looking at social media's role in that increase.

⑨ Keyes's studies have shown that digital media use alone doesn't account for these recent rises in depression and suicide. Other factors must also play a role. More research is needed to figure out what those are.

⑩ What seems most important is how teens are using social media and how their time online is affecting their offline social networks and activities, Keyes says.

⑪ In other words, time online takes away from time you could be spending with others, and enjoying hobbies. These are things that help protect your mental health.

Connect Carefully

⑫ You can find countless different people and communities online. Keyes says that many meaningful and beneficial connections can be made online.

⑬ But the digital world can also expose you to harmful health behaviors. Drinking too much alcohol, drug use, and eating disorders¹ are sometimes shown as what everyone's doing or wants to do.

⑭ People also see ads about tobacco use, drug use, and drinking online. Dr. Patricia Cavazos-Rehg at Washington University studies the effects of ads on teen drug use. Her research has shown that even viewing tobacco content online increased the possibility of using tobacco products. Similar trends have been found for alcohol and drugs.

⑮ Cavazos-Rehg is concerned that social media can make drug use behaviors seem normal. That can affect both teens and adults and she is

researching ways to deliver information about the risks of drug use on social media.

Seek Out Help

⑩ Social media can be a tool to improve your mental health. You can search for health information, hear about others' experiences, or find treatment options.

⑪ Cavazos-Rehg has found that social media can be very helpful for people who are feeling looked down upon about getting information face to face. She adds that social media can help those who are curious or ready to engage in treatment but want advice from people online first.

⑫ Her team looked at what prevents people with symptoms of depression from seeking treatment. They discovered that many people find it difficult to accept that they have depression. Others have trouble accessing or paying for treatment.

⑬ Her team is looking for ways to reduce those barriers through social media. They've created tools to identify social media posts that may indicate someone needs treatment for an eating disorder. They also created a treatment app for teens with eating disorders. The team is working to reach teens in need of treatment through online ads as well.

⑭ Remember, you don't need to struggle with mental health problems alone. Cavazos-Rehg says there's a common misunderstanding that we can handle our mental health problems on our own, and that mental health problems are not serious enough to need medical care. Don't hesitate to see a health care provider or mental health professional.

Adapted from *NIH News in Health*, September 2022

<https://newsinhealth.nih.gov/2022/09/healthy-social-media-habits>

(注)

1. eating disorder 「摂食障害」

1. Which of the following is closest in meaning to the underlined part (1) in paragraph ②? (解答はマークシート解答用紙の にマークすること。)

- ㉞ improves
- ㉟ influences
- ㊱ prevents
- ㊲ strengthens

2. Which of the following statements is **false** about paragraph ③? (解答はマークシート解答用紙の にマークすること。)

- ㉞ Having too many friends online is dangerous.
- ㉟ Social media can have both positive and negative impacts.
- ㊱ Spending a long time on social media can be harmful.
- ㊲ You can build your friendship network by actively contacting others online.

3. Which of the following statements is true about paragraph ④? (解答はマークシート解答用紙の にマークすること。)

- ㉞ Decreased social media use has been linked with mental health problems.
- ㉟ It is clear that mental health problems are unrelated to social media.
- ㊱ It is not certain that increased social media use is the cause of mental health problems.
- ㊲ Research suggests that increased social media use is the only cause of depression and anxiety.

4. Which of the following is closest in meaning to the underlined part (2) in paragraph ⑤? (解答はマークシート解答用紙の にマークすること。)

- ㉞ angry with
- ㉟ bored of
- ㊱ lying to
- ㊲ separating from

5. Which of the following fits best in (3) in paragraph ⑥? (解答はマークシート解答用紙の にマークすること。)

- ㉞ that
- ㉟ what
- ㊱ when
- ㊲ which

6. Which of the following fits best in (4) in paragraph ⑦? (解答はマークシート解答用紙の にマークすること。)

- ㉞ at
- ㉟ in
- ㊱ of
- ㊲ on

7. Which of the following statements is true about paragraph ⑪? (解答はマークシート解答用紙の にマークすること。)

- ㊦ If you exercise or meet people too much, you can't spend enough time online.
- ㊧ Spending time online means you gain time to meet people, and enjoy hobbies.
- ㊨ Spending time online means you lose time to meet people, and enjoy hobbies.
- ㊩ Spending time online means you don't need to socialise in-person.

8. According to paragraph ⑭, what does Dr. Patricia Cavazos-Rehg study? (解答はマークシート解答用紙の にマークすること。)

- ㊦ The effects of online ads on teenagers' alcohol, tobacco and drug use
- ㊧ The effects of tobacco and alcohol on social media use
- ㊨ The reason why tobacco ads are being viewed by teenagers
- ㊩ The reason why TV ads have a positive effect on alcohol and tobacco sales

9. According to paragraph ⑱, what three reasons prevent people with symptoms of depression from seeking treatment? (解答はマークシート解答用紙の にマークすること。)

- ㊦ They are too sick, they are too scared and they can't access it.
- ㊧ They can't access it, they can't pay for it and they are too sick.
- ㊨ They can't pay for it, they can't access it and they are too isolated.
- ㊩ They feel ashamed about having depression, they can't access it and they can't afford it.

10. What advice is given in paragraph ㉔? (解答はマークシート解答用紙の
20 にマークすること。)

- ㉗ Anyone can handle mental health problems on their own.
- ㉘ Mental health problems are not serious enough to require medical care.
- ㉙ You should exercise and eat healthy food if you have mental illness.
- ㉚ You should get help with mental health problems.

Ⅲ 次の英文を読んで、本文の内容に関して、あとの問いに答えなさい。各問の解答として最も適切なものをそれぞれ㉗～㉙から一つずつ選びなさい。丸で囲んだ数字はパラグラフ番号を表しています。(右上に数字を付した語には、本文の後に注があります。)

① The mayor¹ of London, Sadiq Khan, will tomorrow announce an emergency project to extend free school meals to every primary school child in London for a year to help poorer families.

② The mayor's £130 million project will provide free school meals for the 270,000 primary school children in London who do not already receive free school meals. Of these 270,000 children, however, 100,000 are estimated to live in poverty.

③ This project is the result of *The Independent's* Feed the Future campaign. The campaign criticises the British government's decision that only children from families earning less than £7,400 a year can receive free school meals. They argue that this decision does not reflect the reality that many families earning £7,400 or more a year are also struggling with the rising cost of living.

④ Mr. Khan strongly criticised the government for its "inaction" and made it clear that it would be (1) to the government to continue after the project came to an end.

⑤ The mayor recalled his own experience as a child who received free school meals, saying: "I know from my experience that free school meals are means of survival. I depended on them while at school, and my parents relied on them to give our family a little extra money to spend. The difference they can make to children at risk of going hungry, and to families struggling to pay for the things that they need, is huge. The cost of living crisis means that families and children across our city who may not have previously been considered for support are now in need of free school meals."

⑥ He added: "I have repeatedly requested the government to provide free

school meals to help families in need, but they have simply failed to act. This is (3) I'm stepping forward with an emergency £130 million project that will ensure every primary school child in the capital receives free school meals.”

⑦ One of the charity groups, The Food Foundation, highlighted the difficulty of the 800,000 children in poverty in England who are excluded from free school meals, and revealed that some hungry children were in so much trouble that they were stealing food from school cafeterias and supermarkets to eat.

⑧ According to the Child Poverty Action Group, around 210,000 children in London live with families that rely on the money paid by the British government to people who have no income or a very low income to help their living costs. However, they miss out on free school meals, and around half of them are expected to be covered by the mayor's project. There are still around 700,000 children in poverty who will not receive free school meals—including around 100,000 in London's secondary schools and 600,000 living outside of the capital.

⑨ Victoria Benson, leader of Gingerbread, the charity for single parents, said: “The cost of living crisis has been hard for single parents, and has meant that children have gone without basic daily needs because they cannot afford them. “We have heard from many single parents that they have had to go without food. It will be a huge relief that their child will now be fed at school, and we (5) the mayor's leadership.”

⑩ Kevin Courtney from the National Education Union said the mayor had shown how the British government should act. “The government must now end its inaction and should provide free school meals for all children in the UK,” he said. “This is a much-needed support for families experiencing difficulty following a decade of economic mismanagement by the government. It will help families survive the cost of living crisis and make sure all children are provided with foods during the school day. Children who have access to a healthy, hot meal every day are better able to focus, connect with their friends and classmates, and build a brighter future.”

⑪ Barbara Crowther of the Children’s Food Campaign said: “We praise the mayor for announcing this project for every single primary school child in London. However, healthy school meals for all should be a multi-year national action, not a one-year action for the City of London alone.”

⑫ Emma Thompson, a famous movie star, said: “This action could not be more timely. The fact that it is needed is proof of the damaging policies of the last 20 years. It is essential that during this year we fight for the right of our children to a healthy meal at school.”⁽⁷⁾

Adapted from *The Independent*, February 20, 2023

<https://www.independent.co.uk/news/uk/home-news/free-school-meals-feed-future-campaign-b2285244.html>

(注)

1. mayor 「市長」

1. 空所(1)に入れるのに最も適切なものを㉠～㉥の中から一つ選びなさい。(解答はマークシート解答用紙の

21

 にマークすること。)

㉠ above

㉡ in

㉢ up

㉣ with

2. 下線部(2)を日本語に直しなさい。(解答は記述式解答用紙に記入すること。)

3. 空所(3)に入れるのに最も適切なものを㉠～㉥の中から一つ選びなさい。(解答はマークシート解答用紙の にマークすること。)

- ㉠ as
- ㉡ that
- ㉢ what
- ㉣ why

4. 下線部(4)の意味として最も適切なものを㉠～㉥の中から一つ選びなさい。(解答はマークシート解答用紙の にマークすること。)

- ㉠ admired
- ㉡ returned
- ㉢ supported
- ㉣ used

5. 空所(5)に入れるのに最も適切なものを㉠～㉥の中から一つ選びなさい。(解答はマークシート解答用紙の にマークすること。)

- ㉠ consider
- ㉡ earn
- ㉢ gather
- ㉣ welcome

6. 下線部(6)の意味として最も適切なものを㉠～㉥の中から一つ選びなさい。(解答はマークシート解答用紙の にマークすること。)

- ㉠ a week
- ㉡ a year
- ㉢ ten weeks
- ㉣ ten years

7. 下線部(7)を日本語に直しなさい。(解答は記述式解答用紙に記入すること。)

8. 第①～③段落の内容と最も一致しているものを㉗～㉝の中から一つ選びなさい。(解答はマークシート解答用紙の にマークすること。)

- ㉗ The majority of families in the UK earn less than £7,400 a year.
- ㉘ The majority of school children in London earn more than £7,400 a year.
- ㉙ The project provided free school meals for children whose families earn less than £7,400 a year.
- ㉚ The project will provide free school meals for every primary school child in London regardless of their family income.

9. 下記の書きだしに続くものとして、第⑦段落の内容と最も一致しているものを㉗～㉝から一つ選びなさい。(解答はマークシート解答用紙の にマークすること。)

According to The Food Foundation, ...

- ㉗ children in England were so hungry that they purchased food at school cafeterias.
- ㉘ 800,000 children in England fell into poverty because they could not receive free school meals.
- ㉙ school children in England were in financial need and began the campaign.
- ㉚ some children in England were stealing food from supermarkets because of serious hunger.

10. 第⑨段落以降の内容と最も一致しているものを㉗～㉝から一つ選びなさい。

(解答はマークシート解答用紙の

28

 にマークすること。)

- ㉗ Barbara Crowther says that London should continue to support free school meals for more than a year.
- ㉘ Emma Thompson confirms that the British government's environmental policy has been very effective.
- ㉙ Kevin Courtney argues that free school meals should be available to all school children.
- ㉝ Victoria Benson says that single parents received more financial support than the others.

IV Write your response to the following question in at least 30 words in English, giving one or more examples. (解答は記述式解答用紙に記入すること。)

Have you enjoyed your time at high school? Why or why not?