

2025年度 公募推薦選抜問題 (90分)  
C 日程 11月17日(日)

## 基礎学力テスト

英 語	.....	1～8 ページ
数 学	.....	9～13 ページ
国 語	.....	15～28 ページ

### 注 意 事 項

1. 試験開始の合図があるまで、この問題冊子の中を見てはいけません。
2. 上記の科目から2科目選択してください。
3. 解答用紙には、英語・国語(赤色)・数学(青色)の3種類があります。
4. 試験開始後、解答用紙に受験番号と名前を必ず記入し、受験番号をマークしてください。
5. 解答はすべて解答用紙の解答欄にマークしてください。
6. 問題用紙の余白は計算に使用してもかまいませんが、解答用紙を汚してはいけません。
7. 試験開始後、問題用紙・解答用紙に落丁・損傷がないか確認してください。
8. 数学の問題の冒頭には「解答上の注意」が記入されていますので、必ず読んでから解答してください。
9. 解答済みの答案は、2科目重ねて提出してください。
10. 不要になった解答用紙も回収します。
11. 試験終了後、問題用紙は持ち帰ってください。

# 英 語

1 次の問い（A～E）に答えなさい。

A 次の問1～問5の空欄 1 ～ 5 に入れるのに最も適当なものを、それぞれ下の①～④から一つずつ選び、番号で答えなさい。

問1 The way you solved this math problem is not the same as 1 .

- ① I                      ② my                      ③ me                      ④ mine

問2 Sam is strong and healthy. He 2 a bad cold since he was ten years old.

- ① doesn't have      ② hasn't had      ③ didn't have      ④ wouldn't have

問3 I've been planning a party 3 all the international students will be invited to.

- ① because              ② where              ③ when              ④ which

問4 My hometown is well known 4 its beautiful pottery.

- ① as                      ② at                      ③ for                      ④ to

問5 Becky 5 asleep while listening to the teacher's explanation during the class.

- ① fell                      ② fought                      ③ started                      ④ wanted

B 次の問1・問2の下線部のうち、間違いを含むものを、それぞれの①～④から一つずつ選び、番号で答えなさい。

問1 Kota takes his dog Momo for a walk every day, which always makes him ①feel refreshed. Today he let Momo go ②wherever she wanted and he followed her. Returning home, he ③turned to pale because he realized he ④had lost his house key somewhere. 6

問2 Sweet potatoes, which ①are native to the tropical regions of America, were introduced to Japan in the 1600s, and ②growing it was relatively easy. ③That's why their cultivation was encouraged ④to prevent famine in the Edo period. 7

C 次の会話について、下線部の中で最も強調して発音されるものを、下の①～④から一つ選び、番号で答えなさい。

(状況) Mary と母親が電話で話している。

Mary : Do you need anything for dinner? I'm on my way home.

Mary's mother : Ah ... Can you buy a carton of eggs? I'd like to make a Spanish omelet.

Mary : I think I saw some eggs in the refrigerator this morning.

Mary's mother : Did you? Let me see ... No, I can't see them.

Mary : There should be several eggs at the back of the refrigerator.

Mary's mother : Oh, you're right. I've found them.

- ① several                      ② eggs                      ③ back                      ④ refrigerator

D 次の問1・問2の会話の空欄  ・  に入れるのに最も適当なものを、それぞれ下の①～④から一つずつ選び、番号で答えなさい。

問1 Cathy : Come on, clean the classroom properly. You are always being lazy.

Shun :  Can't you see I'm mopping the floor now?

Cathy : Ha! You are just chatting while holding the mop.

- ① That's a good point!  
② You made it!  
③ That's not true!  
④ Absolutely!

問2 Mark : At last, we've finished all the exams!

Lisa : So, why don't we go to the movies this weekend?

Mark : Great! What movie do you want to see?

Lisa :  Any movie is fine with me.

- ① It's up to you.  
② I disagree with you.  
③ You can say that again.  
④ By all means.

E 次の問1・問2の英文を完成させるために、それぞれ下の①～⑥の語を正しく並べ替えた時、空欄  ～  にあたる語を一つずつ選び、番号で答えなさい。ただし、不要な語が一つずつ含まれている。

問1 I was angry that \_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_  for more than an hour.

- |          |           |        |
|----------|-----------|--------|
| ① me     | ② waiting | ③ had  |
| ④ waited | ⑤ Kate    | ⑥ kept |

問2 There are several customers who \_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_  \_\_\_\_\_ .

- |        |        |          |
|--------|--------|----------|
| ① deal | ② hard | ③ to     |
| ④ are  | ⑤ with | ⑥ hardly |

2 次の文章を読み、問1～問4の空欄 15 ～ 18 に入れるのに最も適当なものを、それぞれ下の①～④から一つずつ選び、番号で答えなさい。

An eighteen-year-old Japanese student, Riko, has just entered college and is considering learning English abroad this summer vacation. This is one of the websites she found.

## SKY English School

Our English course is the perfect choice if you want to meet students from various countries and experience everyday life among English-speaking people.

- Number of lessons: 20 group lessons per week ● Duration: 2 weeks
- Lesson length: 50 minutes ● Start Date: every Monday
- Schedule: Monday to Friday 8:30–12:30 or 14:30–18:30
- Levels: beginner, intermediate, advanced

※Written and oral tests to assess your English level take place on the first day.

- Class size: 6 to 12 people ● Ages: 16 to 24 years old
- Accommodation: host family or a dormitory at the local college

※Host families chosen by us will give you a good opportunity to practice English. If you stay at a dormitory, you will have fun with other students. All the host families and the dormitories are 20–30 minutes away from the school by public transportation.

- ★ Every class consists of students of at least three different nationalities. In 2023, we had students from South America (40%), Asia (30%), Europe (20%), and other countries (10%).
- ★ We have staff members who can speak Spanish, French, German, Italian, Portuguese, Chinese, Korean, and Japanese.
- ★ For an additional fee, you can take private lessons which allow you to develop your English skills quickly with the full support of your tutor.
- ★ We offer various weekend activities: a barbecue evening, a music festival, a sports event (tennis and basketball), and an excursion to the beach. You can join any of them for free! They will surely give you wonderful memories.

### Comments from students

Jiah (from South Korea) January 2023

- I was the only Korean in my class, so I didn't use Korean for two weeks. That was good! The excursion to the beach was a lot of fun. I had a good chat with some of my classmates and teachers. I also enjoyed dinner with my host family. They were all kind to me.

Carlo (from Italy) July 2023

- The staff members speaking Italian helped me fill in the forms on the first day. Without their help, I couldn't have made a good start. In the weekend sports event, I enjoyed the basketball game against the local college team.

問 1 If Riko joins a course at SKY English School, she .

- ① will have no more than four classmates from various countries
- ② will have to take four group lessons in the morning
- ③ will take two kinds of tests on the first Monday
- ④ will have classmates ten years older than she is

問 2 According to the website, .

- ① some students stay with host families selected by the school for two weeks
- ② the students have to take public transportation to go to school
- ③ every class had more students from Asia than from South America in 2023
- ④ any student from Asia can find a staff member who speaks their native language

問 3 According to the website, the students .

- ① can enjoy some weekend activities planned by themselves
- ② will be provided with free private lessons if necessary
- ③ can eat some barbecue for lunch on the beach
- ④ don't need any extra money to join the weekend activities

問 4 The comments from students show that .

- ① Jiah had a hard time getting along with her host family
- ② Jiah missed a chance to interact with her teachers outside classes
- ③ Carlo failed to take part in the basketball game against the local team
- ④ Carlo appreciated the help from the staff members who spoke his native language

3 次の文章を読み、問い（A～E）に答えなさい。

The first thing we notice about new people is their faces. The next time we see these people, we remember them because we remember their faces. This seems like a simple process. It turns out, however, that when scientists looked into the brain, they found that face recognition is not such a simple process. The section of the brain that is responsible for face recognition seems to work differently for different people. Some people have great difficulty remembering and recognizing faces, while others almost never forget a face.

Normal babies are born with a natural ability to recognize faces. ( 1 ), their face-recognition abilities are much better than their parents'. For example, most adults can easily recognize faces that are similar to their own. However, they cannot easily recognize faces of people of different races. Babies can. They can even recognize faces of different animals such as monkeys. At six months, babies are highly skilled at face recognition. But by nine months, they lose this skill. By nine months, a baby's face-recognition skills are about the same as an adult's.

Unfortunately, some people are not born with this ability to recognize faces. The part of the brain that is responsible for face recognition doesn't work for them. This condition is called *prosopagnosia*, or “(2)face blindness.” People with very severe face blindness cannot even recognize their own faces. In fact, people with this condition can sometimes be frightened when they look in the mirror. They don't recognize their own face, so for a second they are startled when they see this unfamiliar face.

Face blindness is not always severe. Some people only have difficulty recognizing faces of people they don't know very well. Scientists believe up to 10 percent of the population may be affected by face blindness to some degree, yet many people with mild face blindness might not even know they have it. They have no reason to know that they are different from anyone else until someone points it out.

Scientists became aware of (3)another face-recognition condition in the process of researching face blindness. They found that there are also “super recognizers.” Super recognizers remember every face they have ever seen. For these people, it is not possible to forget faces. Many super recognizers don't just recognize faces they have seen before. They know exactly where they last saw that person.

Super recognizers don't usually feel that they have a problem. Most people with moderate to severe face blindness, on the other hand, do. There is no cure for face blindness. So for the time being, people with face blindness need to (4)find simple techniques to compensate for their problem. They can try to recognize people by their hairstyle, their voice, or their glasses.

From *FACE BLINDNESS* in *Reading and Vocabulary Focus 2*

by Deborah Gordon, Laurie Blass, NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC LEARNING, CENGAGE Learning. (改)

A 空欄 ( 1 ) に補う語句として最も適当なものを、次の①～④から一つ選び、番号で答えなさい。 19

- ① In spite of that    ② In fact    ③ On the contrary    ④ Above all

B 下線部(2)の face blindness について説明したものとして最も適当なものを、次の①～④から一つ選び、番号で答えなさい。 20

- ① Some people with face blindness take their own faces to be unfamiliar.  
② People with mild face blindness feel it is hard to recognize the faces of people whom they know.  
③ Babies have difficulty in recognizing the faces of animals such as monkeys.  
④ Regardless of the degree of face blindness, lots of people don't notice their condition.

C 下線部(3)の another face-recognition condition について説明したものとして最も適当なものを、次の①～④から一つ選び、番号で答えなさい。 21

- ① A condition where people can recognize faces but find it hard to judge facial expressions.  
② A condition which prevents face recognition due to external factors like stress or fatigue.  
③ A condition where people can remember every face they have seen.  
④ A condition which makes it hard to recognize unfamiliar faces.

D 下線部(4)の find simple techniques to compensate for their problem について説明したものとして最も適当なものを、次の①～④から一つ選び、番号で答えなさい。 22

- ① Search for easy strategies to cope with their difficulty in recognizing faces.  
② Undergo medical treatments to completely resolve their condition.  
③ Rely solely on memory aids without improving their face recognition abilities.  
④ Change their condition by spending money to solve their face blindness.

E 本文の内容と合っているものを、次の①～⑥から二つ選び、番号で答えなさい。ただし、解答の順序は問わない。  ・

- ① Face recognition seems simple but is actually processed by the brain in different ways.
- ② Babies have a natural ability to recognize faces, which increases as they grow older.
- ③ People with *prosopagnosia* don't feel frightened by looking at their face in a mirror.
- ④ Some people can get over face blindness when their condition is pointed out to them by others.
- ⑤ Scientists found people who can always remember the place they met a person the last time.
- ⑥ Super recognizers who are unaware of their problems can provide a cure for those with mild face blindness.