

2025 年度

# 全学部統一入学試験 I 期間問題（2月2日）

## 英語

### 注意事項

- 試験開始の合図があるまで、問題冊子を開いてはいけません。
- 試験中に問題冊子の印刷不鮮明、ページの落丁等に気付いた場合は、手を挙げて監督者に知らせなさい。
- 解答用紙には解答欄以外に次の記入欄があるので、それぞれ正しく記入し、マークしなさい。正しくマークされていない場合は、採点できないことがあります。
  - 受験番号欄  
受験番号を英字及び数字で記入し、さらにその下のマーク欄にマークしなさい。
  - 氏名欄  
楷書でていねいに記入しなさい。
  - 解答科目欄  
解答する科目を記入し、さらにその下のマーク欄にマークしなさい。
- 解答はすべて解答用紙の解答欄にマークしなさい。例えば、10と表示のある問い合わせて③と解答する場合は、次の例のように解答番号10の解答欄の③をマークしなさい。

(例)

解答番号	解 答 欄
10	① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ ⑦ ⑧ ⑨ ⑩

- 試験終了後、問題冊子は持ち帰りなさい。

I 空欄 ( 1 ) ~ ( 10 ) に入る語 (句) として最も適切なものを、それぞれ① ~④のうちから 1 つ選びなさい。

1. The restaurant we ( 1 ) yesterday serves excellent seafood.

1

① eat      ② eat at      ③ ate      ④ ate at

2. The ripe strawberries tasted ( 2 ) and juicy.

2

① sweet      ② sweetie      ③ sweetly      ④ sweets

3. He's studying to become an engineer, ( 3 ) is his dream job.

3

① what      ② when      ③ which      ④ why

4. He felt ( 4 ) because he missed the last train home.

4

① disappoint      ② disappointed      ③ disappointedly      ④ disappointing

5. If it stops ( 5 ), we can go for a hike in the mountains.

5

① rain      ② rains      ③ raining      ④ to rain

6. She always drinks tea in the morning, but today she ( 6 ) coffee.

6

① choice      ② choose      ③ choosing      ④ chose

7. He used to be a professional soccer player, but now he ( 7 ) a youth team.

7

① coach      ② coached      ③ coaches      ④ coaching

8. He noticed that several pages were ( 8 ) from the book he borrowed.

8

① missing      ② missed      ③ misses      ④ being missed

9. Despite the cold weather, they decided ( 9 ) jogging in the park.

9

① go                    ② going                    ③ to go                    ④ went

10. She spent the whole day ( 10 ) the house.

10

① clean                    ② cleaning                    ③ cleans                    ④ to clean

II 空欄 ( 11 ) ~ ( 20 ) に入る語 (句) として最も適切なものを、それぞれ①～④のうちから 1 つ選びなさい。

1. Please ( 11 ) my email as soon as possible.

11

① reply      ② reply at      ③ reply for      ④ reply to

2. Tourists come from all over to ( 12 ) the beautiful landscape of this island.

12

① exploit      ② explore      ③ export      ④ expose

3. Have you made enough ( 13 ) of your handout for the class?

13

① copies      ② papers      ③ portions      ④ samples

4. Because they look so much alike, I couldn't ( 14 ) her from her younger sister.

14

① call      ② pick      ③ say      ④ tell

5. He was late for the meeting because the traffic was unusually ( 15 ).

15

① cloudy      ② fast      ③ heavy      ④ long

6. The Japanese word *ikigai* is difficult to ( 16 ) into English, but it essentially means “something to live for.”

16

① transfer      ② transform      ③ translate      ④ transport

7. This novel is ( 17 ) long, but it's very interesting and well-written.

17

① quick      ② quiet      ③ quit      ④ quite

8. She tried not to show her ( 18 ) as she listened to the unfair criticism.

18

① anger      ② happiness      ③ joy      ④ pleasure

9. The support of her friends gave her the ( 19 ) to keep fighting.

19

① strength      ② strong      ③ stronger      ④ strongest

10. The teacher asked the students to ( 20 ) their essays by next Wednesday.

20

① admit      ② commit      ③ permit      ④ submit

III 次の英文を読み、後の問い合わせに答えなさい。

著作権の都合上、省略。

Japan needs more public trash cans: Japanese reporter sympathizes, though he doesn't agree. JapanToday on October 23, 2023 by Casey Baseel

著作権の都合上、省略。

Adapted from the article on <<https://japantoday.com/category/features/lifestyle/japan-needs-more-public-trash-cans--japanese-reporter-sympathizes-though-he-doesn't-agree-1>> (Retrieved August 3, 2024)

<注> \*litter: 散らかす \*inconveniences: 不便 \*stalls: 売店  
\*vending machines: 自動販売機 \*wrappers: 包み紙

A. Based on the text, choose the best response to each question.

1. What is a common concern among overseas visitors to Japan?

21

- ① Japanese people may not be interested in their opinions.
- ② There are not enough public trash cans in Japanese cities.
- ③ The streets in Japanese cities may be littered with trash.
- ④ The transportation in Japanese cities may be inconvenient.

2. Why did the number of trash cans at stations first start decreasing?

22

- ① Because people took their trash to the stations to throw it away.
- ② Because the number of attacks increased after the Madrid incident.
- ③ Because safety concerns grew following a serious incident in 1995.
- ④ Because there was a push to keep their cities clean for overseas visitors.

3. What kind of online comments has Seiji seen from overseas travelers?

23

- ① Their home countries should also reduce trash cans like Japan.
- ② The limited number of trash cans is good for sightseeing.
- ③ It is a very bad decision to reduce the number of trash cans.
- ④ People should try harder to keep the streets clean.

4. Which of the following words fits best in the blank?

24

- ① what
- ② which
- ③ while
- ④ why

5. How have people in Japan learned to handle their trash well?

25

- ① People never use the recycling containers next to vending machines.
- ② People take their trash to train stations far away from their homes.
- ③ People have gradually gotten used to seeing trash around them.
- ④ People usually eat and drink at home, reducing the need for trash cans.

B. Based on the text, mark ① if the statement is true and ② if it is false.

1. Seiji Nakazawa seldom checks the opinions of foreign visitors online.

26

2. Overseas travelers might see the lack of trash cans in Japan as a major problem.

27

3. Some overseas travelers believe that the lack of trash cans could lead to littering.

28

4. Japanese citizens are more affected by the reduced number of trash cans than foreign visitors.

29

5. Most Japanese people carry a bag to cope with the limited number of trash cans.

30

N 空欄 ( 31 ) ~ ( 35 ) に入る表現として最も適切なものを、それぞれ①~⑧のうちから 1 つ選びなさい。

31

35

Ren: Have you decided which country you want to study in?

Shino: I'm thinking about Spain. I love the language and culture. What about you?

Ren: I'm considering China. I'm fascinated by their technology and traditions.

Shino: ( 31 ). What made you interested in China?

Ren: I've always been interested in their blend of modernity and history.

Shino: That's great. ( 32 )?

Ren: Not yet. I'm still researching universities and programs.

Shino: I've started looking into language courses and housing options.

Ren: When are you thinking of going?

Shino: ( 33 ). How about you?

Ren: ( 34 ). Maybe we could share tips and advice as we plan?

Shino: That would be fantastic! ( 35 ).

- ① I'm thinking about the same time
- ② That sounds amazing
- ③ I think that going to Spain isn't so interesting
- ④ I'm aiming for next fall
- ⑤ Have you started planning your trip
- ⑥ We could meet up sometime next week
- ⑦ How much does studying abroad cost
- ⑧ I'm not sure I'll go anywhere abroad

## V 次の英文を読み、後の問い合わせに答えなさい。

I recently learned that Fujiya, a famous sweets maker, now offers cakes through \*vending machines, making them ( 36 ) both day and night. Japan is famous for having a lot of vending machines. There are over 5 million of them. That's a lot! But why does Japan have so many? Let's look at the reasons.

First, Japan's big cities like Tokyo and Osaka have many people living very close together. With limited space and a high demand for quick and easy services, vending machines provide a perfect solution. Vending machines help by giving people what they need fast and without taking up much space. They work all day and night, so you can get a drink or a snack anytime.

Japanese people are particularly comfortable using automated machines for convenience. They are okay with buying items from a machine instead of from a person. It's normal there to get all sorts of things from vending machines. You can find not just drinks and snacks, but also hot meals, fruit, umbrellas, and other things.

Another reason is that Japan is a very ( 39 ) country. This means people don't worry about vending machines being broken into or stolen. So, they can put vending machines everywhere, even in places where there aren't many people around.

Finally, vending machines in Japan are really cool because they sell so many different things. They make life easier because you can buy something quickly without waiting in line or talking to anyone. The machines are a handy solution, blending with the Japanese lifestyle which highly values efficiency and convenience.

All these reasons show why vending machines are so popular in Japan. They fit perfectly with how people live there and what they need. It's a great example of

how Japan uses technology to make everyday life better.

<注> \*vending machines: 自動販売機

Based on the text, choose the best response to each question.

1. Which word fits best here?

36

- ① available
- ② comfortable
- ③ fashionable
- ④ visible

2. Why are vending machines particularly helpful in big cities like Tokyo and Osaka?

37

- ① They can help reduce pollution in big cities.
- ② They can be set up in limited spaces.
- ③ They can offer drinks and snacks cheaply.
- ④ They can create many jobs in the food industry.

3. Which of the following statements is correct?

38

- ① Japanese people don't trust automated machines.
- ② Japanese people don't like buying things from automated machines.
- ③ Japanese people use vending machines only when there is no supermarket nearby.
- ④ Japanese people don't mind buying things from a machine instead of a person.

4. Which word fits best here?

39

- ① convenient
- ② flexible
- ③ safe
- ④ wealthy

5. Which of the following statements is correct?

40

- ① The vending machines are suited for the efficient and convenient Japanese lifestyle.
- ② The vending machines are more convenient if they sell only drinks and snacks.
- ③ The vending machines are perfect for people who want to save money.
- ④ The vending machines are useful for improving public safety in Japan.

VI 次の文を英訳するとき、番号で指定された空欄に入る単語を、それぞれ①～⑥のうちから1つ選びなさい。

1. 他の町に引っ越すつもりはありません。ここで十分満足しています。

41

42

I have (        ) (        ) ( 41 ) (        ) (        ) ( 42 ) city; I'm quite happy where I am.

① another ② intention ③ moving ④ no ⑤ of ⑥ to

2. 私がそのルールを知っているはずがありません。今日が仕事の初日なんです。

43

44

How (        ) ( 43 ) (        ) ( 44 ) (        ) (        ) rules? It's my first day on the job.

① am ② I ③ know ④ supposed ⑤ the ⑥ to

3. 最後に会議室を使ったのは誰ですか。中がすごく散らかっています。

45

46

Who was the last (        ) ( 45 ) (        ) ( 46 ) (        ) (        )? It's a total mess in there.

① conference ② one ③ room ④ the ⑤ to ⑥ use

4. どのようなアプローチを用いてその危機に対応しましたか。

47

48

What (        ) ( 47 ) (        ) (        ) ( 48 ) (        ) the crisis?

① did ② handle ③ approach ④ to ⑤ use ⑥ you

5. 当ホテルの予約には、事前にお支払いが必要です。

49

50

To make a reservation at our hotel, you (        ) ( 49 ) (        ) (        ) ( 50 ).

① advance ② are ③ in ④ pay ⑤ required ⑥ to

